



CACP Resolutions Status Report

June, 2017

This status report summarizes CACP resolutions on active 2007, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016 resolutions.

The following resolutions have been recommended for conclusion:

- 2015 – 05 Support of the Canadian Community Safety Information Management Strategy (CCSIMS)
- 2015 - 07 Cyber-Crime: Police Roles and Responsibilities within a Collaborative National Framework
- 2014 – 02 Change Terminology from “Economics of Policing” to “Economics of Community Safety and Wellbeing”
- 2013 - 01 Prohibit Publication or Broadcast of all Emergency Workers' Radio Transmissions in Canada
- 2013 - 03 Cannabis Enforcement
- 2012 - 05 Addressing the Illicit Use of Pharmaceuticals
- 2007 - 10 Disposition of Property Seized under the CDSA

Progress reports are attached: 2016 resolutions, pgs. 1-3; 2015 resolutions, pgs. 4-10; 2014 resolutions pgs. 11-12; 2013 resolutions pgs. 13-16; 2012 resolutions pgs. 17-19; 2011 resolutions pg. 18; and 2007 resolutions pgs. 21-22.

2016 Resolutions

Resolution: 2016 - 01 Support for a Competency-based Human Resources Framework for Canadian Police Services	
Resolution Summary: The CACP calls on Public Safety Canada to provide the necessary funding for the on-going accessibility and updated of the Competency Based Human Resource Management Framework.	
Target Date for Completion:	Sponsor: Human Resources and Learning Committee Champion: Mr. Steve Schnitzer, Director, Policing Academy, JIBC
Summary of progress since initiation: Since August 2016 both the CACP and numerous police organizations (including training academies) have written to Public Safety Canada to open dialogue on this issue. Chief Greenwood, Barrie Police Service, has been working in her role with the OACP, and as the Chair of the CPKN Board of Directors, as well as with the CACP and the CEO of CPKN, Sandy Sweet, to advocate for a meeting with Minister Goodale. This Resolution will continue to be pursued until Public Safety Canada responds on its position.	
Resolution: 2016 - 02 Child Physical Abuse Imagery	

<p>Resolution Summary: The CACP urges the Government of Canada to protect children by amending the Criminal Code to prohibit the making and posting of child abuse imagery as well as mandating the removal and deletion of such images from the Internet.</p>	
<p>Target Date for Completion:</p>	<p>Sponsor: Law Amendments Committee Champion: D/Chief Greg Preston</p>
<p>Summary of progress since initiation:</p> <p>July, 2016 – June, 2017</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In February 2017, the Standing Committee on Health (HESA) began studying the public health effects of the ease of access and viewing of online violent and degrading sexually explicit material on children, women and men, recognizing and respecting the provincial and territorial jurisdictions (Motion M-47) to be considered and reported on by HESA on May 30, 2017. Link: http://www.ourcommons.ca/Committees/en/HESA/StudyActivity?studyActivityId=9311761 	
<p>Resolution: 2016 - 03: Reasonable Law to Address Impact of Encrypted and Password Protected Electronic Devices</p>	
<p>Resolution Summary: The CACP urges the Government of Canada, for the purpose of community safety, to identify a legislative means for public safety agencies inclusive of law enforcement, through judicial authorization, to compel the holder of an encryption key or password to reveal it to law enforcement.</p>	
<p>Target Date for Completion:</p>	<p>Sponsor: Law Amendments Committee Champion: D/Chief Greg Preston</p>
<p>Summary of progress since initiation:</p> <p>July 2016 – June 2017</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ongoing informal discussions with Justice Canada officials seeking opportunity to provide input to desired law amendments. Significant media coverage of this issue following public dissemination of the 2016 CACP Resolutions. Several media interviews conducted to raise public awareness of law enforcement challenges when facing encryption. In May 2017, the Government released a summary of its consultations on National Security (https://www.publicsafety.gc.ca/cnt/rsrscs/pblctns/2017-nsc-wwlr/2017-nsc-wwlr-en.pdf). Canadians were consulted on their views about giving investigators the ability to compel individuals or companies to assist with decryption. "A clear majority of civil liberties, legal, academic and industry organizations whose submissions addressed this issue believe strong encryption is vital to protecting privacy and maintaining freedom of expression. Many organizations opposed "back doors" for law enforcement because they would weaken network security and leave them vulnerable to attack, with industry organizations stressing that encryption technologies are essential to promote trust in the system. Law enforcement said that while the Framework should seek to maintain security for law-abiding citizens, it should also give authorities the tools they need to access the communications of those who use secure communications technologies for criminal purposes." 	
<p>Resolution: 2016 - 04: Increase Measures to Further Restrict the Availability and Use of Reactive Targets in Canada</p>	

Resolution Summary: The CACP urges the federal, provincial and territorial governments to prevent the misuse and criminal and terrorist use of reactive targets by increasing measures to further restrict their availability and use in Canada.

Target Date for Completion:

Sponsor: Law Amendments Committee

Champion: D/Chief. Greg Preston

Summary of progress since initiation:

July 2016 – June 2017

- Representatives of the Explosives Safety and Security Branch (ESSB) of Natural Resources Canada (NRCan) met with the Law Amendments Committee in August and December 2016. While a complete ban of reactive targets is highly unlikely, ESSB is considering regulatory options to further restrict their availability, such as banning Internet sales.
- Furthermore, Budget 2017 proposes to provide \$8.7M over five years, starting in 2017–18, to NRCan to expand the list of regulated chemicals, to better control access to the chemicals used to manufacture home-made explosives, and will help to detect and prevent the sales of explosives that pose a risk to Canadians.

2015 Resolutions

Resolution: 2015 - 01 Development of a National Framework on Proactive Community Policing Responses to Domestic and Intimate Partner Violence	
Resolution Summary: The CACP recognizes and endorses the development of a National Framework on Proactive Community Policing Responses to Domestic and Intimate Partner Violence, to be led by the Crime Prevention Community Safety and Wellbeing Subcommittee, in partnership with the Canadian Observatory on the Justice System's Response to Intimate Partner Violence.	
Target Date for Completion: Final report on evaluation to be presented to the Board in August, 2017.	Sponsor: Crime Prevention, Community Safety and Wellbeing Committee Champion: Chief Leanne Fitch, Fredericton Police Force
Summary of progress since initiation: <p>The project for Police Response to Domestic and Intimate Partner Violence was funded by a grant through the University of New Brunswick and the Canadian Observatory on Criminal Justice Response to Family Violence, spearheaded by Dr. Carmen Gill. Committee partnership with UNB and the Observatory was established and endorsed officially by the CACP in 2015.</p> <p>Two articles specific to this project were published in CACP publications.</p> <p>Our project working group included researchers, consultants, police experts and leaders, academics, NGOs and a writing group. The final product, <i>National Framework for Collaborative Police Action on Intimate Partner Violence</i> is intended to provide police agencies across Canada with a standardized guide of best practices, common language and a shared understanding to help better inform police policy development and service delivery when dealing with Intimate Partner Violence.</p> <p>The framework document, which includes a diagram of the National Framework for IPV and is available in French and English. It includes a comprehensive appendix of resource material. It was provided to the CACP Board of Directors for their review in June, 2016.</p> <p><u>Outstanding</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design and production of promotional information postcards sponsored by CACP Crime Prevention Community Safety and Wellbeing Committee will be included in 2016 Annual conference delegate bags. • Presentation will be made to the CACP in August, 2016 seeking final endorsement • Preparation of communication media-bites and CACP magazine article. • Development of a CACP communications strategy to promote the National Framework (website, social media, magazine and a CACP Take-Five video). • 2017 follow-up survey with Police Agencies across Canada to measure uptake and evaluate. <p>July 2016 – June 2017</p> <p>The National Framework for Collaborative Police Action on Intimate Partner Violence Framework document was translated and produced into a report, endorsed by the CACP Executive. In the fall of 2016 a presentation on the National Framework was made at the World Safety Organization in Finland to the International Association of Women in Police in Spain.</p>	

Resolution: 2015 - 01 Development of a National Framework on Proactive Community Policing Responses to Domestic and Intimate Partner Violence cont'd

In November of 2016 the Framework was launched in Canada during Family Violence Prevention month at the University of New Brunswick. Notices on the National Framework was disseminated to all Canadian Chiefs via the CACP social media. A journal article about the Framework was published in the Canadian Journal of Community Safety and Wellbeing.

A presentation on the National Framework was made in Ottawa to the Federal Government Women's Equality branch. Letters were disseminated to local stakeholders, provincial and federal government leaders, social service agencies and police services across Canada. Presentations were made to the Ontario, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Alberta, British Columbia and First Nations Chiefs Police Chief Associations.

The CACP President sent a letter supporting the National Framework to all Police Chiefs across Canada with the expectation that all police agencies in the country will review their current practices.

In February of 2017, Chief Leanne Fitch and Dr. Carmen Gill made a presentation at the CACP Research Foundation workshop on the research that led to the development of the Framework and the impact of IPV and family violence on the health of those directly and indirectly involved.

Also in February the co-chairs worked with the Victims of Crime Committee and the POLIS Committee to develop and release the CACP response on sexual assault Investigations.

Committee Co-chairs conducted a scan of opportunities for the Status of Women on how best to collaborate on best practices for reporting, enhancing forensic medical examinations for sexual violence victims and working with law enforcement.

Resolution: 2015 - 02 Seizure of Cellular Telephone Services when Used in Drug Trafficking

Resolution Summary: The CACP urges the Government of Canada to identify a legislative means for law enforcement to seize or otherwise nullify phone lines/numbers used by drug traffickers in "Dial-a-Dope" operations.

Target Date for Completion:

Sponsor: British Columbia Association of Chiefs of Police
Champion: Derren Lench
Champion moving forward: Supt. Greg Preston and the Law Amendments Committee

Summary of progress since initiation:

Resolution has been forwarded to the Law Amendments Committee for discussion at their August, 2016 meeting.

July 2016 – June 2017

- No updates to report.

Resolution: 2015 - 03: Reasonable Law to Address Impact of Supreme Court of Canada Decision R. V Spencer, 2014, SCC 431	
Resolution Summary: The CACP supports the creation of a reasonable law designed to specifically provide law enforcement the ability to obtain, in real-time or near real-time, basic subscriber information (BSI) from telecommunications providers.	
Target Date for Completion:	Sponsor: e-Crimes Committee Champion: C/Supt. Jeff Adam, RCMP
Summary of progress since initiation: The RCMP, through e-Crimes, has actively been pursuing this resolution with the Department of Justice and Department of Public Safety. The FPT Cyber Crime Working Group, has prepared a document calling for amendments to the Criminal Code of Canada in a dual tiered scheme, made up of an administrative process for BSI and a modification to existing statutes to include BSI where more intrusive information is required.	
July 2016 – June 2017	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Lawfully Authorized Electronic Surveillance (LAES) Committee made a formal written submission to the National Security Consultation which addressed, in part, the need for timely access to precursor/confirmatory information and Basic Subscriber Information (BSI); • The FPT Coordinating Committee of Senior Officials [CCSO] (Criminal Justice) CyberCrime Working Group produced a paper entitled: <i>“Access to Basic Subscriber Information and the Impact of the Supreme Court of Canada’s Decision in R. v. Spencer”</i> to which LAES Committee co-chairs, Insp. Robert Longstreet (OPP) and Hollie Riordan (VPD) contributed. • The LAES co-chairs participated in two consultations hosted by the CCSO CyberCrime Working Group on precursor/confirmatory information basic subscriber interface (BSI) and the need for a reasonable law to be created to address access to this information which we deem foundational for all investigations. • Justice Canada continues to examine possible legislative options to address the absence of law enforcement’s ability to compel the production of precursor/confirmatory information and BSI in a timely manner at a threshold of “reasonable grounds to suspect”. • The efforts to secure a “reasonable law” continue. 	
Resolution: 2015 - 04: Amendments to Section 183 or the Criminal Code	
Resolution Summary: The CACP requests Government of Canada to amend section 183 of the Criminal Code to include additional designated offences such as: Criminal Negligence Causing Death; Criminal Negligence Causing Bodily Harm; Manslaughter; Criminal Harassment; Removal of a Child from Canada; Torture; Insider Trading; Possession of a firearm knowing it’s possession is unauthorized; Possession of a prohibited or restricted firearm with ammunition; and, all driving related offences involving death or bodily harm.	
Target Date for Completion:	Sponsor: Law Amendments Committee Champion: Supt. Greg Preston
Summary of progress since initiation: On May 27, 2016 at LAC’s meeting in St-John’s (NL), Det. Supt. Dave Truax (OPP) explained to DOJ senior counsel Karen Audcent (Criminal Law Policy), how important it would be to add other crimes to s. 183 CC., such as impaired driving causing bodily harm or death, failure to stop the scene of an accident involving bodily harm or death, or manslaughter. Karen Audcent confirmed that the DOJ is studying the expansion to s. 183, either by adding to the list of infractions or replacing it with criteria. Dave Truax offered to provide a compendium of cases where the inability to intercept private communications impeded investigations.	

Resolution: 2015 - 04: Amendments to Section 183 or the Criminal Code continued

July 2016 – June 2017

- OPP Det. Supt. Dave Truax (OPP) and RCMP A/Commr Joe Oliver met with DOJ senior counsel Karen Audcent (Criminal Law Policy) to discuss suggested additions of other crimes to s. 183 CC., such as impaired driving causing bodily harm or death, failure to stop the scene of an accident involving bodily harm or death, or manslaughter. Karen Audcent has confirmed that the DOJ is studying the expansion to s. 183, either by adding to the list of infractions or replacing it with criteria. Det. Supt. Truax has provided a compendium of cases where the inability to intercept private communications impeded investigations.

Resolution: 2015 – 05: Support of the Canadian Community Safety Information Management Strategy (CCSIMS)

Resolution Summary: The CACP supports the ongoing development of the Canadian Community Safety Information Management Strategy (CCSIMS) and its vision of getting the right information to the right people at the right time, and directs its Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Committee to continue to spearhead CCSIMS development and that the Canadian Safety and Security Program be requested to fund the continued development of CCSIMS.

Target Date for Completion:

Sponsor: CCSIMS/ICT

Champion: Mr. Eldon Amoroso

July 2016 – June 2017

The 2016 funding from the Centre for Security Science (CSS) for the CACP ICT Committee work on this initiative expired in April 2017. Continued funding is being pursued through a Public Safety Canada program. Without funding, the progress of this vital initiative will slow considerably. Key activities completed in the last year include:

- CCSIMS reviews/updates at the August and November, 2016 ICT Committee meetings;
- Promotion of the CCSIMS with a wide range of stakeholders, including the FPT Justice Committee, Public Safety Canada and Interoperability Working Group; OACP/AACP; BC, SK and ON ADMs; and CSSP and NPISAB
- Planning for CACP 2017 National Conference
- Consolidation of CCSIMS key references including the CCSIMS strategy, strategic framework and action plan, consolidated implementation and action plan and toolbox.

A new 2017 Resolution titled, "RESOLUTION FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE CANADIAN COMMUNITY SAFETY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT STRATEGY (CCSIMS) has been submitted for consideration at the 2017 AGM. This resolution is concluded pending approval of the 2017 resolution.

Resolution: 2015 – 06 Sustainable Funding of the Public Safety Canada Electronic Catalogue and Digital Portal for Canadian Police Research

Resolution Summary: The CACP resolves that the Minister of Public Safety Canada be called upon to allocate sustainable funding to the electronic catalogue and digital portal in order to ensure police leaders are able to make evidence-based decisions that will improve public safety for Canadians.

Target Date for Completion:

Sponsor: CACP Research Foundation

Champion: Ms. Susan Clarke, Executive Director

Summary of progress since initiation:

March 2016:

Letter to Honorable Ralph Goodale, Minister of Public Safety from CACP President Clive Weighill and CACP Research Foundation Chair Debra Frazer seeking confirmation of sustainable funding of Public Safety Canada's Electronic Catalogue and Digital Portal for Canadian Police Catalogue.

Learned that contracts for Library's staff resources, originally terminating on March 31, 2016 have been extended to the end of June 2016.

April 2016

Meeting between CACP President Clive Weighill, Timothy Smith and Kathy Thompson, ADM Community Safety & Countering Crime Branch. The ADM indicated that "a complete review of all programs" was underway.

Timothy Smith, Government Relations met with the representatives of the Minister of Public Safety's Chief of Staff office to discuss the letter to the Minister. Response indicated that a reply to our letter would be coming shortly. Staffers indicated that the PSC is "committed to sustaining the Library and its resources but the positions are not currently funded, but they are looking for stable funding".

June 10, 2016:

Response from the Minister of Public Safety concerning the future of the Canadian Police Research Catalogue indicating that the department remains "supportive of maintaining and refining the Catalogue to ensure it remains a viable policing resource." Furthermore, the letter states that the PSC will "continue to grow the Catalogue in the coming year."

The Catalogue's principal librarian has since left PSC to take a permanent position in another Department. We are trying to ascertain future plans for re-staffing, refining and building the Catalogue in the coming year.

July 2016 – June 2017

The Catalogue continues to be updated by staff at Public Safety Canada although there is no confirmation that a librarian has been secured. A link to the portal and Catalogue has been added to RF Connect, the CACP Research Foundation's own online portal for Canadian law enforcement. Research from the portal continues to be distributed via the Research Foundation section in the CACP weekly NewsBrief and www.cacp.ca/research.

Resolution: 2015 - 07 Cyber-Crime: Police Roles and Responsibilities within a Collaborative National Framework

Resolution Summary: The Canadian Association of Chiefs of Police calls on its partners, their associations, and FPT stakeholders to work with the CACP to accelerate the advancement and adoption of a consolidated National Cyber Crime Strategy, as envisioned in Resolution #03-2012, including frameworks, mechanisms and a structure to achieve better national coordination within law enforcement, and among law enforcement, government, academia and the private sector.

The CACP also calls on the Federal Government to increase the focus on cyber-crime, in line with the principles above, when it next updates *Canada's Cyber-Security Strategy (2010)*.

The CACP also calls on its partners, their associations and FPT stakeholders to collectively advocate for legislative, regulatory and policy changes that will increase investigative efficiency and effectiveness, create greater risk and consequences for offenders, and more effectively facilitate the work of police in several areas, including but not limited to reporting requirements, data preservation standards, MLAT reforms, domestic production orders for foreign data, modernized lawful access, and extra-territoriality for certain vital cyber systems.

Target Date for Completion:	Sponsor: Mr. Norm Taylor, Program Director Champion: CACP Executive Global Studies Program
------------------------------------	---

Summary of progress since initiation:

All stakeholders have responded positively to the CACP's commitment on this topic. The resolution and recommendations from the CACP Global Studies 2015 are being incorporated into the National Cyber Crime Strategy.

The Canadian Advanced Technology Alliance (CATA) continues to advocate strongly among industry partners for increased cooperation. The joint CATA/CACP Cyber Crime Summit in October 2015 was well received and contributed to advancing the aims of this resolution.

CATA formed a Cyber Advisory Council in spring 2016. Several representatives of CACP committees are participating.

The recommended actions of this resolution informed the program for the 2016 AGM and Conference.

Discussions continue towards a second CACP/CATA national conference, or a series of regional forums on this subject.

June 2016 – July 2017

- This resolution informed the planning and execution of the Oct 2015 Cyber Summit which featured members of CACP Global 2015 outlining their studies, the basis for the resolution, and anticipated forward actions;
- The RCMP adopted elements of the Global Studies report, the 2015 resolution, and its accompanying rationale, in the formation of their 2016 National Cybercrime Strategy;
- The RCMP moved forward with multiple partners on the formation of a National Cybercrime Coordinating Centre (NC3); CACP Global Studies Program Director Norm Taylor was retained to moderate those proceedings;
- Following the 2016 CACP AGM, the E-Crime Committee was formally adopted as a sub-committee the still-forming CATA-CACP E-crime Cyber Council (ECC). This body has continued the work as outlined in the resolution;
- With the support of the Law Amendments Committee, ECC has prepared a new Resolution (XX-2017) which will be presented to the CACP membership in Montreal at the July AGM;
- The new resolution builds upon both 07-2015 and 03-2012, and focuses on establishing national reporting methods for cyber crime and related victimization.

This resolution is concluded pending the approval of the proposed new resolution.

Resolution: 2015 - 08 Amendments to the Canada Post Corporation Act	
Target Date for Completion:	Sponsor: Law Amendments Committee Champion: Supt. Greg Preston, Edmonton Police Service
Summary of Progress Since Initiation:	
Discussed at the May 2016 LAC meeting. Meeting is being arranged with Justice Canada officials to discuss proposed amendment.	
Correspondence will be drafted and meetings will be held by members of CACP Drug Committee with Justice Canada to further advance the proposed amendment to the Canada Post Corporation Act.	
July 2016 – June 2017	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OPP Det. Supt. Dave Truax and Deputy Chief Mike Serr of CACP Drug Committee have held two teleconference discussions with Justice Canada officials to advocate the need for minor legal amendments required to Canada Post Corporation Act to prevent illegal importing of precursors for fentanyl. • Teleconference discussion was also held with Canada Post officials who are seeking a broader revamp to the Canada Post Corporation Act. • Correspondence will be drafted for CACP President to lobby Ministers of Justice Canada, Public Safety Canada and Health Canada to outline the immediate public safety need for the proposed amendment to the Canada Post Corporation Act. 	

2014 Resolutions

Resolution: 2014 - 01 Roadside Drug Screening Tool	
Resolution Summary: The CACP urges the Government of Canada to improve the safety of Canada's roadways by approving a drug screening tool to enhance investigation and prosecution of drug impaired driving.	
Target Date for Completion: to be determined	Sponsor: Law Amendments Committee Champion: Supt. Greg Preston, Edmonton Police Service D/C Cst. Mike Serr, Abbotsford Police Mario Harel, President, CACP
Summary of progress since initiation: No change in status. Will be discussed at the August 2015 LAC meeting.	
July 2015 – June 2016 Provided input into June Public Safety Canada consultations on marijuana regulations. Will be discussed at the August 2016 LAC meeting. * Note that the Government of Canada is addressing this as part of their overall framework to legalize marijuana. The CACP is very much a part of federal consultations.	
July 2016 – June 2017	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Federal government in their review and recommendations towards the legalization of marijuana recognized this as an issue that should be addressed. Recommendation #60 of their report: supports the development of an appropriate roadside drug screening device for detecting THC levels, and invest in these tools. LAC representation was made at the CACP's President's Council meeting in January 2017 where all the recommendations were reviewed, and the CACP position that was put forward was that we adamantly support recommendation #60. On April 13, 2017, the Government of Canada tabled Bill C-46 which would authorize peace officers who suspect a driver has a drug in their body to demand that the driver provide a sample of a bodily substance for analysis by drug screening equipment that is approved by the Attorney General of Canada. Public Safety Canada and the RCMP, in collaboration with the Canadian Council of Motor Transport Administrators, recently concluded a pilot project with law enforcement from across Canada to test the use of oral fluid drug screening devices as tools to enhance the enforcement of drug-impaired driving. 	

Resolution: 2014 - 02 Change Terminology from “Economics of Policing” to “Economics of Community Safety and Wellbeing”

Resolution Summary: The Canadian Association of Chiefs of Police encourage governments, police governance bodies, academics and researchers, police agencies and all stakeholders to use the term “economics of community safety and well-being” in place of “economics of policing” in its ongoing work on the costs, efficiency and effectiveness of measures that ensure public safety.

Target Date for Completion: 2017 budget cycle for all three levels of government

Sponsor: Crime Prevention Committee
Champion: Chief Leanne Fitch, Fredericton Police Force

Summary of progress since initiation:

Committee will be preparing a letter to Government and key stakeholders to promote a change in daily language on this issue.

July 2015 – June 2016

The CACP President Jim Chu sent a letter to the Federal Department of Public Safety in 2014 to encourage high level government adoption of the above terminology. Given changes at all three levels of government over the past two years it is recommended that this Resolution remain open and that newly drafted correspondence be prepared and distributed from the CACP president.

Committee will draft updated content with a request that correspondence be shared with other Federal and Provincial levels of government in the areas of education, finance and health to further reflect that crime, crime reduction, crime prevention are not solely public safety costs, but are intertwined with various government departments and non-government stakeholders.

July 2016 – June 2017

This resolution is recommended for conclusion.

2013 Resolutions

<p>Resolution: 2013 - 01 Prohibit Publication or Broadcast of all Emergency Workers' Radio Transmissions in Canada</p>	
<p>Resolution Summary: The CACP requests the Government of Canada to amend the Radio Communication Act by extending the protections in S.9 (1.1) -9(2) so they apply to all radio communications, such that the use or divulgence of these communications without permission is an offence under that Act except as prescribed.</p>	
<p>Target Date for Completion: to be determined</p>	<p>Sponsor: Law Amendments Committee Champion: Supt. Greg Preston, Edmonton Police Service</p>
<p>Summary of progress since initiation: To be discussed at LAC meeting Dec 5/6, 2013.</p> <p>November, 2013 - June 2014 No change in status.</p> <p>July, 2014 – June 2015 No change in status. Will discuss at August 2015 LAC meeting.</p> <p>July, 2015 – June 2016 No change in status. Will discuss at August 2016 LAC meeting.</p> <p>*Note that given the growing implementation of digitalized radio communications, this is becoming a less pending issue</p> <p>July 2016 – June 2017</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The LAC recently reviewed this resolution at its meeting in Toronto, ON in late April. It is the view and experience of the LAC that most Canadian police agencies have now progressed towards more secure radio communications infrastructure and police radio transmissions, for the most part, are now encrypted. This was obviously not the case when this CACP resolution was brought forward in 2013. • Given that this resolution stemmed from a tragic incident in Ontario, the LAC felt that it was necessary to communicate directly with the OACP to provide an update on the status of this resolution. • On May 17, 2017, the LAC sent a letter to the President OACP seeking concurrence that this resolution should no longer be pursued given significant advancements in secure radio communications technology <p>This resolution is recommended for conclusion.</p>	

Resolution: 2013 - 02 National Conformity to Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics Uniform Crime Reporting Survey Protocol & Initiation of Audit Process	
Resolution Summary: The CACP urges Statistics Canada to implement a process with Police Services whereby their records management methodologies are audited for compliance with UCR survey requirements.	
Target Date for Completion: Completion of at least one review in fiscal year 2014/2015. Subsequent reviews dependent upon resources and therefore to be determined.	Sponsor: POLIS Committee Champion: Ms Rebecca Kong, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics
Summary of progress since initiation: Statistics Canada is considering the addition of such reviews in the CCJS operational plan for next fiscal year.	
November, 2013 - June, 2014 Statistics Canada has committed to funding in 2014/2015 to complete one data quality review. The framework for the data quality review was endorsed by POLIS in April 2014 and the Liaison Officer's Committee of the National Justice Statistics Initiative in May 2014. Determination of the police service to review rests with Statistics Canada.	
July, 2014 – June, 2015 Statistics Canada funded a review in 2014/2015 and another in 2015/16. Determination of the police service to review rests with Statistics Canada.	
July, 2015 – June 2016 Work continues on UCR data quality evaluations.	
July, 2016 – June, 2017 No subsequent data quality reviews were undertaken due to resources and priorities. Results of review (risks and best practices) were delivered at two UCR data quality workshops delivered in September 2016 and February 2017.	
Resolution: 2013- 03 Cannabis Enforcement	
Resolution Summary: The CACP urges the Minister of Justice and Attorney General to make changes to the Controlled Drugs and Substance Act to allow police officers the ability to issue a ticket as a discretionary option to laying formal charges pursuant to the Federal Contraventions Act for simple possession of cannabis charges - 30 grams or less of cannabis marihuana or 1 gram or less of cannabis resin.	
Target Date for Completion: to be determined	Sponsor: Drug Abuse Committee Champion: D/C Cst. Mike Serr, Abbotsford Police Department
Summary of progress since initiation:	
November, 2013 - June, 2014 Issue has been raised with government. Awaiting government decision.	
July, 2014 - June, 2015 Conversations with the Department of Justice are continuing.	
July, 2015 – June 2016 This resolution has been placed on hold pending the legalization of marihuana. Once the new legislative framework is in place this resolution will be reassessed to determine it is still applicable for youth who are found to be in possession of 30 grams or less of cannabis marihuana or 1 gram or less of cannabis resin. In speaking with Justice, this	

resolution may also be addressed in the new legislative framework.

Resolution: 2013- 03 Cannabis Enforcement cont'd

July 2016 – June 2017

- The Federal Government introduced Bill C45 *The Cannabis Act* to legalize marijuana April 13, 2017.
- It is expected that the new law will come into effect July 1, 2018.
- The proposed legislation would permit persons over the age of 18 to possess marijuana for personal use.
- Those under the age of 18 would be subject to a police citation for possession.

Therefore, the Drug Advisory Committee has determined that this resolution is no longer necessary. It is recommended that this resolution be concluded.

Resolution: 2013- 04 Policing for First Nations and Inuit Communities

Resolution Summary: The CACP urges the Federal Government to acknowledge First Nations and Inuit policing as an essential service and, through its policies, to commit to and maintain appropriate levels of support, funding flexibility and predictability to ensure the long term sustainability of effective, professional and culturally responsive policing services for First Nations and Inuit communities.

.Target Date for Completion: to be determined

Sponsor: First Nation, Métis and Inuit Peoples Committee

Champion: Supt. Dan Jones, Edmonton Police Service and Insp. Kim Taplin, RCMP

Summary of progress since initiation (includes roll-up information from Resolution 2008-04):

At the Committee's June 2013 meeting, Director General Mary Donaghy (Aboriginal Policing Directorate, Public Safety Canada) provided an overview of the funding model for the First Nations Policing Program (FNPP), describing it as funding in support of enhanced police services and confirming that the next five years will be a restrained budgetary environment. The Committee remains interested in the outcomes of the comprehensive review of the First Nations Policing Program. It understands the review is complete, but that Public Safety Canada does not intend to release it publicly.

The federal, five-year, \$400-million Police Officer Recruitment Fund (PORF) expired on March 31, 2013 and was not renewed. In May, the Ontario government committed funding to maintain the 40 additional First Nations policing positions previously funded through the PORF. Ontario was the only jurisdiction to provide such support to First Nation police services.

At the Committee's October 2013 meeting, members received a presentation on policing in Inuit communities in Nunavut from the RCMP, National Aboriginal Policing Services, followed by a discussion of external / internal challenges.

November, 2013 - June, 2014

Committee Co-Chairs updated CACP Board of Directors (March 27, 2014) on funding issues relating to First Nations and Inuit policing, including funding for policing agreements and announcement of cancellation of Band Constable Program. Committee members provided updates and shared information about challenges, issues and responses in relation to providing effective policing under the First Nations Policing Program (FNPP).

Resolution: 2013- 04 Policing for First Nations and Inuit Communities cont'd

June 2014-July 2015

Committee discussions on sustainable funding for First Nations and Inuit Policing Programs are ongoing. The issue continues to be a challenge and no sustainable solution has been identified. The Committee intends to continue to address this issue.

June 2015-July 2016

The national conference touched on national policing issues and shed light on the need to sustain First Nations Policing Programs. It also provided an opportunity to discuss social issues and policing issues with a view of working collaboratively to solve them. Work on this issue continues.

This issue is continuously being raised and receiving greater support from the new government. Continued advocacy by FNCOP and CACP could gain positive results.

July 2016 - June 2017

Discussions continue. Progress is being made. PSC and FNACP working to resolve issues.

2012 Resolutions

Resolution: 2012- 05 Addressing the Illicit Use of Pharmaceuticals	
Resolution Summary: The CACP endorses the need for a National Prescription Drug Misuse Strategy and the importance of enforcement specific actions as part of that work; an annual National Prescription Drug Drop-Off Day; and commits to working with health sector partners, including pharmacists and physicians, to develop communication on prescription drug misuse, undertake joint efforts to increase awareness, and to develop and disseminate tools and training; and urges all members to collect data on pharmaceutical-related incidents, and participate in monitoring and surveillance efforts to track trends in illicit pharmaceutical use.	
Target Date for Completion: to be determined	Sponsor: Drug Abuse Committee Champion: D/C Cst. Mike Serr, Abbotsford Police Department
Summary of progress since initiation: New resolution. Awaiting discussion and action.	
November, 2012 - February, 2013 The DAC endorses the National Prescription Drug Drop-Off Day. Chair of the committee, Chief Mark Mander will be sending out a notification through the CACP advising all agencies of the resolution and encouraging participation. The DAC has engaged the OACP Substance Abuse Committee and are actively engaged in moving forward with a Provincial Take Back Day.	
March - July, 2013 The DAC Committee engaged in the development and launch of the First Do No Harm: Responding to Canada's Prescription Drug Crisis, developed in cooperation with the Canadian Centre for Substance Abuse (CCSA). The document can be found here http://www.ccsa.ca/2013%20CCSA%20Documents/CCSA-Prescription-Drug-Strategy-news-release-2013-en.pdf . The DAC spearheaded the first annual Prescription Drug Drop Off day during police week in May, involving police agencies across Canada. Over two tons of unwanted medications were collected and disposed of nationally. There was a considerable media attention around this event. The DAC has initiated data collection related to the extent of the prescription drug issue in Canada.	
August - October, 2013 Second National Prescription Drug Drop-Off Day is being planned for May 10, 2014.	
November, 2013 - June, 2014 The second National Prescription Drug Drop off day was held with very positive results. Developed a strategic partnership with PFDC (Partnership for A Drug Free Canada), who followed up the Drug Drop off day with national radio and TV ads encouraging Canadians to bring drugs back to local pharmacies. CACP DAC will review results and determine what our best steps are for next year. Work with many partners on the First Do No Harm: Responding to Canada's Prescription Drug Crisis continues. The Federal Government announced \$42 million in additional funding to address the issue. Some of our next steps include raising awareness throughout the justice system on the impacts and costs of prescription drug abuse and developing best practice guidelines for drug related deaths for ME's and Police.	

Resolution: 2012- 05 Addressing the Illicit Use of Pharmaceuticals cont'd

July, 2014 - June, 2015

Efforts continue to transition leadership of the Drug Drop-off Day to the Canadian Pharmaceutical Association. A private members bill *The Proper Use of Prescription Drugs Act* was introduced to Parliament in June 2015 proposing the creation of official date for Drug Drop-off Day.

July 2015 – June 2016

The fourth annual National Prescription Drug Drop Off Day, held on May 21st was successful. Several agencies have reported significant increases in their collected totals. The media coverage for this year's event was unprecedented. This coverage is critical in informing Canadians of the dangers posed by prescription drug diversion and abuse. This year's event was supported by Health Canada, Public Safety Canada, Partnership for a Drug Free Canada, Canadian Pharmacist Association, Canadian Medical Association, Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse and the Health Products Stewardship Association.

The Health Canada funding to employ a national Drug Drop Off coordinator is set to expire at the end of this year. The coordinator, Barry MacKnight has done an outstanding job maintaining the momentum. Moving forward, the DAC decided to transition the program to the Canadian Pharmacy Association. This was anticipated to occur in 2016; however, the Canadian Pharmacy Association was not in a position to take the lead. Discussions are ongoing and it is anticipated they will champion this program in 2017 and the CACP with remain strong partners and advocates.

July 2016 – June 2017

- The Federal Government introduced Bill C45 the *Cannabis Act* to legalize marijuana April 13, 2017
- It is expected that the new law will come into effect July 1, 2018
- The proposed legislation would permit persons over the age of 18 to possess marijuana for personal use
- Those under the age of 18 would be subject to a police citation for possession

Therefore, the Drug Advisory Committee has determined that this resolution is no longer necessary. It is recommended that this resolution be concluded.

Resolution: 2012-06 Drug Evaluation & Classification Program National Oversight Body

Resolution Summary: The CACP calls on the Federal Government to establish and maintain a National Oversight Body for the National Drug Evaluation and Classification program, responsible for oversight of new scientific technology, Canadian training, Canadian certification and designation; national database evaluations, and issues identified that may impact the DEC program nationally.

Target Date for Completion: to be determined

Sponsor: Traffic Committee

Champion: Supt. Gord Jones, Toronto Police Service

Summary of progress since initiation:

New resolution. Awaiting discussion and action.

November, 2012 - February, 2013

The DAC is waiting for a Canadian Centre for Substance Abuse report to be published on this matter in first quarter of 2013.

Resolution: 2012-06 Drug Evaluation & Classification Program National Oversight Body cont'd

March - July, 2013

D/Commr. Larry Beechey met with the Federal Minister of Justice on 12 June, 2013 to discuss the creation of a National Oversight Body for the DEC program and corresponding federal legislation to recognize the body. He fully supported the resolution and has sent it back to his Ministry to work on.

August - October, 2013

To date no other action has been seen from the Department of Justice.

November, 2013 - June, 2014

Call has been made to Minister's office - still awaiting response.

July, 2014 – June, 2015

Discussions took place between Supt. Bouncer and the Minister's office. The Minister's office is waiting for results of ongoing testing on screening devices being conducted by Darcy Smith of the RCMP labs. The report is anticipated in the fall of 2015. The findings from the report will guide Government on next steps.

July, 2015 – June, 2016

No national oversight body has been established to date. On-going discussions on the anticipated legalization of marihuana and the impacts on the law enforcement community, and most specifically on the Drug Evaluation and Classification (DEC) Program, continue.

July, 2016 – June, 2017

The Government of Canada is addressing the DEC Program as part of their overall framework to legalize marijuana through Bill C 46. The CACP is very much a part of federal consultations.

2011 Resolutions

Resolution: 2011-04 Amendment to the Criminal Code of Canada and the DNA Identification Act	
<p>Resolution Summary: The Canadian Association of Chiefs of Police urges the Federal Government to move forward with amendments to the Criminal Code and DNA Identification Act to allow for the collection of DNA samples from any person lawfully charged for a primary designated offence as defined in Section 487.04(a) of the Criminal Code and the removal of that sample from the DNA Databank should the accused not be convicted of the offence.</p>	
<p>Target Date for Completion: to be determined</p>	<p>Sponsor: Law Amendments Committee Champion: Supt. Greg Preston, Edmonton Police Service</p>
<p>Summary of progress since initiation: To be addressed at November 2011 LAC meeting.</p> <p>November, 2011 - February, 2012 President addressed this issue with Minister Toews in the fall of 2011.</p> <p>March - June, 2012 No change in status.</p> <p>July - October, 2012 No change in status.</p> <p>November, 2012 - February, 2013 No change in status.</p> <p>March - July, 2013 Discussions with the government continue. Further discussions scheduled for the fall.</p> <p>August - October, 2013 No change in status. To be discussed at LAC meeting Dec 5/6, 2013.</p> <p>November, 2013 - June, 2014 Discussions with government continue. Further discussions are scheduled for the fall.</p> <p>July 2014 – June 2015 No change in status. Will discuss at August 2015 LAC meeting.</p> <p>July 2015 – June 2016 Tim Smith reached out to the new government on behalf of LAC. To be discussed at LAC meeting in August 2016.</p> <p>July 2016 – June 2017 No change in status.</p>	

2007 Resolutions

Resolution: 2007-10 Disposition of Property Seized under the CDSA	
Resolution Summary: The Canadian Association of Chiefs of Police recommends that the Minister of Health and the Minister of Justice continue to move the legislative amendment process forward as a priority to allow for safer, faster, more efficient handling and disposition of goods seized under the CDSA, including a provision to allow Law Enforcement to authorize the expedited destruction of goods, other than drugs, seized from illicit drug production operations.	
Target Date for Completion: ongoing	Sponsor: Drug Abuse Committee Champion: D/C Cst. Mike Serr, Abbotsford Police Department
Summary of progress since initiation: HC Working Group has been meeting over the last 2 years and it appears that the feedback and suggestions from the police community are being reflected in the amendment proposals to date. Office of Controlled Substances is the division within HC that has been handling the file. The file has not progressed since the last consultations in October of 2007 due to internal resource issues. DAC will be sending a letter to the Minister to reiterate the importance of the issue and to request that the matter be properly resourced April – July 2008 No change in status. August – October 2008 No change in status. October 2008 – February 2009 Letter sent to Health Minister Tony Clement. No response to date. March – July 2009 Letter sent to Minister Aglukkaq requesting update and meeting on this issue and others. August – October 2009 No change in status. Chief MacKnight will be raising this issue again with the HC technical advisor at the DAC meeting in Toronto on Nov 25, 2009. November 2009 – February 2010 DAC sub-committee formed at 25 Nov 09 meeting in Toronto to address this priority. Action plan developed at 25 Nov meeting. Action plan currently being addressed March – June 2010 DAC Subcommittee will be presenting a report to the DAC in August July – November 2010 Some interest has been generated by the FTP committee on Organized Crime. Public Safety Canada has agreed to try to advance the issue from their perspective. We will be briefed on the issue at the Nov 22-23, 2010 DAC meeting in Ottawa. November 2010 – February 2011 Public Safety Canada and Health Canada have agreed that this issue will be advanced by Public Safety Canada in preparation for a legislative amendment. March – June 2011 Letter sent to Minister of Public Safety in appreciation of their action in moving this issue forward.	

Resolution: 2007-10 Disposition of Property Seized under the CDSA cont'd

June 2016 – June 2017

- DAC members appeared before the Senate Committee on April 6th, 2017 to respond to Bill C37 which is a bill to amend the *Controlled Drugs and Substances Act*.
- The Bill includes many legislative changes to help disrupt the current opioid crisis that has impacted the nation
- This resolution was even more pressing as the emergence of fentanyl and its analogs posed a significant health risk for police officers and civilian staff responsible for handling it
- Bill C37 addressed this long standing resolution and streamlines the disposition protocol for seized controlled substances, their precursors and any chemical offence related property.
- The Drug Advisory Committee will assess how the new expedited process put into practice to ensure the safety of all police personnel.

This resolution is recommended for conclusion.